# A NATIONAL SURVEY OF REPUBLICANS AND REPUBLICAN-LEANING INDEPENDENTS ON ENERGY AND CLIMATE CHANGE 

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This report contains topline results of a national survey of 726 adults who recently identified as a Republican or a Republican-leaning Independent.

The sample was drawn from 938 people who - during their participation in one of three nationallyrepresentative Climate Change in the American Mind surveys conducted by Yale and George Mason University in the spring and fall of 2012 and the fall of 2011 - had previously identified themselves as being a Republican or a Republican-leaning Independent. Members of the sample were re-contacted in January 2013 and asked to participate in this survey; the completion rate was $77 \%$.

To avoid selection bias, participants were not told that the survey would focus on climate change. To avoid the sensitizing effect of climate change questions on answers to questions about energy policies, the survey first assessed beliefs and opinions about energy-related issues before asking about climate change-related issues. For a more complete description of the study design, see the Methods section at the end of this document.

## SELECTED KEY FINDINGS

A large majority of survey respondents consider themselves to be conservative ( $72 \%$ ) or middle of the road ( $22 \%$ ). Similarly, most consider themselves to be Republicans (68\%), or Independents (20\%). A small number of respondents indicated in the re-contact survey that they now have no party identification or are not interested in politics (5\%), are Democrats (4\%) or consider themselves to be members of an "other" party ( $2 \%$ ). Of those who identify as Independents, approximately half ( $47 \%$ ) voted in the Republican primary elections. A small minority of all respondents (17\%) consider themselves part of the Tea Party movement.

## Republicans Prefer Clean Energy ${ }^{1}$ as America's Energy Future

A large majority of respondents ( $77 \%$ ) support using renewable energy in America much more or somewhat more than it is used today ( $51 \%$ and $26 \%$, respectively). Among those who support expanded use of renewable energy, the most common preferred timing for taking such action is "immediately" (69\%).

A slight majority of all respondents (52\%) support using fossil fuels in American much less or somewhat less than it is used today ( $21 \%$ and $31 \%$, respectively). Among those who support reduced use of fossil fuels, the most common preferred timing is "immediately" ( $52 \%$ ). By a margin of almost 2 to 1 ( $64 \%$ vs. $35 \%$ ), respondents say America should take action to reduce our fossil fuel use.

[^0]
## The Perceived Benefits of Clean Energy Outweigh the Costs

A majority of respondents believe that taking steps to reduce our use of fossil fuels will benefit the nation in a number of ways - for example, by helping free us from dependence on foreign oil (66\%), saving resources for our children and grandchildren to use ( $57 \%$ ), and providing a better life for our children and grandchildren (56\%) - while none of the potential costs associated with taking action were seen as likely by a majority of respondents. Respondents selected more benefits of reducing fossil fuels than costs ( $51 \%$ of benefits were selected vs. $33 \%$ of costs were selected, on average).

Respondents were asked which potential benefit is most important to them personally. Freeing the U.S. from dependence on foreign oil was the top choice (48\%), followed by saving resources for our children and grandchildren ( $14 \%$ ), and providing a better life for our children and grandchildren ( $11 \%$ ). When asked which cost was of greatest concern to them personally, the top choice was more government regulation ( $42 \%$ ), followed by rising energy prices ( $31 \%$ ), and costing jobs and harming our economy (15\%).

## A Majority Think Climate Change is Happening and Support an American Response to the Issue

A majority of respondents (52\%) think climate change is happening, while $26 \%$ think it isn't, and $22 \%$ "don't know." When presented with one of two conservative arguments saying America should respond to climate change, a solid majority ( $62 \%$ ) say America absolutely should ( $23 \%$ ) or probably should ( $39 \%$ ) take steps to address climate change.

## Only 1/3 Agree with Republican Party Positions on Climate Change and $\mathbf{1 / 2}$ on Energy

Only a minority of respondents agree with the Republican Party's position on climate change (35\%), while a slight majority of respondents agree with the Party's position on meeting America's energy needs (51\%).

## Elected Leaders are Perceived as Unresponsive to Respondents' Views about Climate Change

Few respondents (less than 20\%) think people like themselves have influence over what elected officials think or do regarding climate change.

## DETAILED SURVEY RESPONSES

We'd like to know which name you feel best describes oil, coal \& natural gas.

|  | Total <br> $(\mathbf{n}=\mathbf{7 2 6})^{2}$ |
| :--- | :---: |
| Fossil fuel energy | $39 \%$ |
| Reliable energy | $29 \%$ |
| Conventional energy | $24 \%$ |
| Dirty energy | $7 \%$ |
| Other | $1 \%$ |

What name do you feel best describes solar, wind \& geothermal energy?

|  | Total <br> $(\mathbf{n}=\mathbf{7 2 6})$ |
| :--- | :---: |
| Clean energy | $38 \%$ |
| Renewable energy | $32 \%$ |
| Unreliable energy | $17 \%$ |
| Advanced energy | $10 \%$ |
| Other | $2 \%$ |

In the future, do you think the United States should use fossil fuels (coal, oil, and natural gas) less, more, or the same amount as we do today? [Respondents who answered "more" or "less" were then asked: How soon do you think we should start [increasing/reducing] fossil fuel use in the United States?]

|  | Total <br> $(\mathbf{n}=\mathbf{7 2 6})$ |
| :--- | :---: |
| MORE (net) | $\mathbf{2 2 \%}$ |
| Much more than today | $10 \%$ |
| Somewhat more than today | $12 \%$ |
| - How soon? (\% "immediately") |  |
| SAME amount as today | $74 \%$ |
| LESS (net) | $\mathbf{1 9 \%}$ |
| Somewhat less than today | $\mathbf{5 1 \%}$ |
| Much less than today | $31 \%$ |
| - How soon? (\% "immediately") |  |
| Don't Know | $21 \%$ |

[^1]In the future, do you think the United States should use renewable energy sources (solar, wind $\mathcal{\&}$ geothermal) less, more, or the same amount as we do today?
[Respondents who answered "more" or "less" were asked: How soon do you think we should start [increasing/ reducing] renewable use in the United States?]

|  | Total <br> $(\mathbf{n}=726)$ |
| :--- | :---: |
| MORE (net) | $\mathbf{7 7 \%}$ |
| Much more than today | $51 \%$ |
| Somewhat more than today | $26 \%$ |
| - How soon? (\%"immediately") | $69 \%$ |
| SAME amount as today | $\mathbf{8 \%}$ |
| LESS (net) | $\mathbf{9 \%}$ |
| Somewhat less than today | $5 \%$ |
| Much less than today | $4 \%$ |
| - How soon? (\% "immediately") | $63 \%$ |
| Don't Know | $\mathbf{6 \%}$ |

If our nation takes steps to reduce our use of fossil fuels (coal, oil and natural gas), it will...

|  | Total <br> (n=726) |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| BENEFITS | $4.1 / 9$ |  |
| (Average number of benefits selected) | $66 \%$ |  |
| Help free us from dependence on foreign oil | $57 \%$ |  |
| Save resources for our children \& grandchildren to <br> use | $56 \%$ |  |
|  <br> grandchildren | $46 \%$ |  |
| Improve people's health | $43 \%$ |  |
| Protect God's creation | $41 \%$ |  |
| Create jobs and a stronger economy | $37 \%$ |  |
| Save many plants \& animal species from <br> extinction | $30 \%$ |  |
| Limit climate change | $30 \%$ |  |
| Improve our national security | $2.0 / 6$ |  |
| COSTS | $50 \%$ |  |
| (Average number of costs selected) | $48 \%$ |  |
| Lead to more government regulation | $33 \%$ |  |
| Cause energy prices to rise | $26 \%$ |  |
| Cost jobs and harm our economy | $22 \%$ |  |
| Interfere with the free market | $16 \%$ |  |
| Harm poor people more than it helps them |  |  |
| Undermine American sovereignty |  |  |

Which of these outcomes associated with reducing fossil fuel use is most important to you personally?

|  | Total <br> $\left(\mathbf{n = 5 3 8} \mathbf{5}^{\mathbf{5}}\right.$ |
| :--- | :---: |
| Help free us from dependence on foreign oil | $48 \%$ |
| Save resources of our children \& grandchildren <br> to use | $14 \%$ |
|  <br> grandchildren | $11 \%$ |
| Protect God's creation | $8 \%$ |
| Limit climate change | $4 \%$ |
| Create jobs and a stronger economy | $5 \%$ |
| Improve people's health | $4 \%$ |
| Improve our national security | $3 \%$ |
| Save plants and animal species from extinction | $3 \%$ |

Which of these outcomes associated with reducing fossil fuel use is of most concern to you (i.e., worries you the most)?

|  | Total <br> $(\mathbf{n}=477)^{\mathbf{6}}$ |
| :--- | :---: |
| Lead to more government regulation | $42 \%$ |
| Cause energy prices to rise | $31 \%$ |
| Cost jobs and harm our economy | $15 \%$ |
| Interfere with the free market | $4 \%$ |
| Undermine American sovereignty | $4 \%$ |
| Harm poor people more than it helps them | $4 \%$ |

In light of the outcomes of reducing U.S. fossil fuel use:

|  | Total <br> $(\mathbf{n}=726)$ |
| :--- | :---: |
| We SHOULD take action to reduce our fossil <br> fuel use | $64 \%$ |
| We SHOULD NOT take action to reduce our <br> fossil fuel use | $35 \%$ |

[^2]Climate change refers to the idea that the world's average temperature has been increasing over the past 150 years, may be increasing more in the future, and that other aspects of the world's climate may change as a result.

What do you think? Do you think that climate change is happening? [Respondents who answered "yes" were asked: How sure are you that climate change is happening? Respondents who answered "no" were asked: How sure are you that climate change is not happening?]

|  | Total <br> $(\mathbf{n}=\mathbf{7 2 6})$ |
| :--- | :---: |
| Yes (net) | $\mathbf{5 2 \%}$ |
| Extremely sure | $9 \%$ |
| Very sure | $12 \%$ |
| Somewhat sure | $27 \%$ |
| Not at all sure | $3 \%$ |
| No (net) | $\mathbf{2 6 \%}$ |
| Extremely sure | $5 \%$ |
| Very sure | $8 \%$ |
| Somewhat sure | $10 \%$ |
| Not at all sure | $3 \%$ |
| Don't Know | $\mathbf{2 2 \%}$ |

Some conservatives argue that despite any uncertainties associated with climate change, America should take action to address the issue because ...
[Half the respondents read Version A] Carbon pollution is fouling our air and our water, and harming our health. We should take steps to maintain the purity of our air and water. As Benjamin Franklin said, an ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure. Which best describes your feelings about this? America...

|  | Total <br> (n=344) |
| :--- | :---: |
| Should take steps to address climate change <br> (net) | $\mathbf{6 4 \%}$ |
| America absolutely should take steps to address <br> climate change | $25 \%$ |
| America probably should take steps to address <br> climate change | $39 \%$ |
| Should not take steps to address climate <br> change (net) | $\mathbf{2 1 \%}$ |
| Absolutely should not take steps to address <br> climate change | $9 \%$ |
| Probably should not take steps to address climate <br> change | $13 \%$ |
| Don't know | $\mathbf{1 3 \%}$ |

[The other half of the respondents read Version B] Our free-enterprise economy only works properly when individuals and companies are held accountable for harm that their actions cause to unconsenting people or the country as a whole. Companies that release heat-trapping pollution into the air should be accountable for those costs. Which best describes your feelings about this? America...

|  | Total <br> (n=372) |
| :--- | :---: |
| Should take steps to address climate change <br> (net) | $\mathbf{6 0 \%}$ |
| Absolutely should take steps to address climate <br> change | $22 \%$ |
| Probably should take steps to address climate <br> change | $38 \%$ |
| Should not take steps to address climate <br> change (net) | $\mathbf{2 5 \%}$ |
| Absolutely should not take steps to address <br> climate change | $10 \%$ |
| Probably should not take steps to address climate <br> change | $15 \%$ |
| Don't know | $\mathbf{1 5 \%}$ |

## Please rate your agreement with the following statements:

[Using "strongly agree," "moderately agree," "neither agree nor disagree," moderately disagree," "strongly disagree," or "Don't know"]

|  | Total <br> (n=726) |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\%$ Agree | $\%$ Disagree | $\%$ Neither <br> Agree nor <br> Disagree |
| I don't think elected officials care much <br> about what people like me think about <br> climate change. | $62 \%$ | $15 \%$ | $22 \%$ |
| People like me don't have any say in what the <br> government does about climate change. | $56 \%$ | $19 \%$ | $23 \%$ |
| Elected officials pay a lot of attention to the <br> views of people like me when deciding what to <br> do about climate change. | $8 \%$ | $64 \%$ | $25 \%$ |
| If I were to write an elected official about my <br> position on climate change, it might influence <br> their thinking on the issue. | $12 \%$ | $60 \%$ | $25 \%$ |

To what extent do you agree with the Republican Party's position on the issue of ...?

|  | Total* <br> (n=726) |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Strongly <br> Agree | Moderately <br> Agree | Neither <br> Agree nor <br> Disagree | Moderately <br> Disagree | Strongly <br> Disagree |
| Meeting America's energy needs | $16 \%$ | $35 \%$ | $24 \%$ | $6 \%$ | $2 \%$ |
| Climate change | $9 \%$ | $25 \%$ | $34 \%$ | $6 \%$ | $4 \%$ |
| Taxes | $23 \%$ | $34 \%$ | $19 \%$ | $8 \%$ | $6 \%$ |
| The deficit | $29 \%$ | $31 \%$ | $16 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $5 \%$ |

* Rows don't add to $100 \%$ because "Don't know" and "Prefer not to say" are not shown.

In general, do you think of yourself as...

|  | Total <br> $(\mathbf{n}=\mathbf{7 2 6})$ |
| :--- | :---: |
| Conservative (net) | $\mathbf{7 2 \%}$ |
| Somewhat conservative | $45 \%$ |
| Very conservative | $27 \%$ |
| Moderate, middle of the road | $\mathbf{2 2 \%}$ |
| Liberal (net) | $\mathbf{5 \%}$ |
| Very liberal | $1 \%$ |
| Somewhat liberal | $4 \%$ |

## Generally speaking, do you think of yourself as...

|  | Total <br> $(\mathbf{n}=\mathbf{7 2 6})$ |
| :--- | :---: |
| Republican (net) | $\mathbf{6 8 \%}$ |
| A strong Republican | $34 \%$ |
| Not a very strong Republican | $34 \%$ |
| Independent | $\mathbf{2 0 \%}$ |
| Democrat | $\mathbf{4 \%}$ |
| Other | $\mathbf{2 \%}$ |
| No party/not interested in politics | $\mathbf{5 \%}$ |

[Asked of Independents only]
In 2012, did you vote...

|  | Total <br> $(\mathbf{n}=147)$ |
| :--- | :---: |
| In the Republican primary elections | $47 \%$ |
| In the Democratic primary elections | $6 \%$ |
| Neither | $45 \%$ |

Do you consider yourself to be part of the Tea Party movement, or not?

|  | Total <br> $(\mathbf{n}=726)$ |
| :--- | :---: |
| Yes | $17 \%$ |
| No | $63 \%$ |
| Don't know | $19 \%$ |

What is your gender?

|  | Total <br> $(\mathbf{n}=\mathbf{7 2 6})$ |
| :--- | :---: |
| Female | $48 \%$ |
| Male | $52 \%$ |

What is your age?

|  | Total <br> $(\mathbf{n}=\mathbf{7 2 6})$ |
| :--- | :---: |
| $18-24$ | $12 \%$ |
| $25-34$ | $15 \%$ |
| $35-44$ | $16 \%$ |
| $45-54$ | $18 \%$ |
| $55-64$ | $20 \%$ |
| $65-74$ | $13 \%$ |
| $75+$ | $6 \%$ |

What is your marital status?

|  | Total <br> $(\mathbf{n}=\mathbf{7 2 6})$ |
| :--- | :---: |
| Married | $60 \%$ |
| Widowed | $5 \%$ |
| Divorced | $11 \%$ |
| Separated | $2 \%$ |
| Never married | $18 \%$ |
| Living with partner | $6 \%$ |

What is the highest level of education you have received?

|  | Total <br> $(\mathbf{n}=\mathbf{7 2 6})$ |
| :--- | :---: |
| Less than high school | $7 \%$ |
| High school | $32 \%$ |
| Some college | $31 \%$ |
| Bachelor's degree or higher | $30 \%$ |

What is your current employment status?

|  | Total <br> $(\mathbf{n}=726)$ |
| :--- | :---: |
| Working - as a paid employee | $54 \%$ |
| Working - self employed | $5 \%$ |
| Not working - temporary layoff | $2 \%$ |
| Not working - looking for work | $5 \%$ |
| Not working - retired | $21 \%$ |
| Not working - disabled | $6 \%$ |
| Not working - other | $8 \%$ |

What state do you reside in? (categorized by region)

|  | Total <br> $(\mathbf{n}=726)$ |
| :--- | :---: |
| Northeast | $17 \%$ |
| Midwest | $24 \%$ |
| South | $40 \%$ |
| West | $20 \%$ |

## METHODS

The sample for this survey was drawn from adult members (ages 18 and older) of a nationally representative panel (KnowledgePanel) which is recruited and maintained by the survey research firm GfK. Respondents who identified themselves as Republican or Republican-leaning Independents in one of the Climate Change in the American Mind (CCAM) surveys conducted in 2011 and 2012 were recontacted in January 2013 for the current survey. Respondents were not told that the CCAM and current surveys are related or conducted by the same researchers. Between January $12^{\text {th }}$ and January $27^{\text {th }}$, a total of 938 people were re-contacted for the current survey and 726 responded, for a completion rate of $77.4 \%$, and an average margin of sampling error of $+/-4$ percentage points at the $95 \%$ confidence level. To ensure the sample matches key national demographics such as gender, race, age, region, and education, data were weighted using demographic distributions from the most recent Current Population Survey (CPS). ${ }^{7}$

Details on the prior surveys are described here:
Leiserowitz, Anthony, Edward Maibach, Connie Roser-Renouf, Nicholas Smith \& Jay Hmielowski. (2011). Climate change in the American mind: Public support for climate \& energy policies in November 2011. Yale University and George Mason University. New Haven, CT: Yale Project on Climate Change Communication. http://environment.yale.edu/climate/files/PolicySupportNovember2011.pdf

Leiserowitz, Anthony, Edward Maibach \& Connie Roser-Renouf \& Jay Hmielowski. (2012). Climate change in the American mind: Public support for climate \& energy policies in March 2012. Yale University and George Mason University. New Haven, CT: Yale Project on Climate Change Communication. http://environment.yale.edu/climate/files/Policy-Support-March-2012.pdf

Leiserowitz, Anthony, Edward Maibach, Connie Roser-Renouf, Geoff Feinberg, \& Peter Howe. (2012). Climate change in the American mind: Public support for climate \& energy policies in September 2012. Yale University and George Mason University. New Haven, CT: Yale Project on Climate Change Communication. http://environment.yale.edu/climate/publications/Policy-Support-September-2012

[^3]
[^0]:    1 "Clean energy" is the term respondents most preferred to describe renewable energy sources, and "fossil fuel energy" is the term most preferred for fossil fuel sources.

[^1]:    ${ }^{2}$ Approximately 10 participants, on average, did not give responses to each of the various questions in the survey.
    ${ }^{3}$ Percent responses are of those who answered "much more" or "somewhat more than today."
    ${ }^{4}$ Percent responses are of those who answered "much less" or "somewhat less than today."

[^2]:    ${ }^{5}$ Participants were asked this question only if they selected one or more benefits in the prior question.
    ${ }^{6}$ Participants were asked this question only if they selected one or more costs in the prior question.

[^3]:    ${ }^{7}$ Weighting variables were: gender (male/female); age (18-29, 30-44, 45-59, and 60+); race/Hispanic ethnicity (White/nonHispanic, Black/non-Hispanic, other/non-Hispanic, 2+ races/non-Hispanic, Hispanic); education (less than high school, high school, some college, bachelor and beyond); census region (Northeast, Midwest, South, West); metropolitan area (yes, no); and internet access (yes, no). Benchmark distributions for internet access among the U.S. population of adults were obtained from panel recruitment data since this measure is not collected as part of the CPS.

